

03.04.2025

Revision History

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03.04.2025	0	ALL	FIRST ISSUE

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* Description

This is a Color Active Matrix IPS TFT (Thin Film Transistor) LCD that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching Device. This module is composed of a Transmissive type TFT-LCD-Panel, Driver Circuit, Backlight Unit. The Resolution of this 2.0" TFT-LCD contains 480xRGBx360 Pixels, and can display up to 16.7 Million colors.

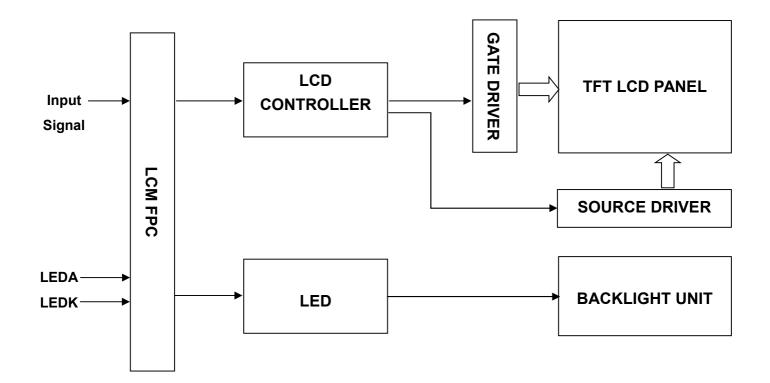
* Features

General Information Items	Specification	Unit	Note
Display Area(AA)	40.824 x 30.618 (2.0 Inch)	mm	-
Driver Element	TFT Active Matrix	-	-
Display Colors	16.7 Million	colors	-
Number of Pixels	480 x RGB x 360	dots	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB Tilt Stripe	-	-
Pixel Pitch	0.08505 x 0.08505	mm	-
Viewing Angle	ALL	o'clock	-
Controller IC	ST7701S (Sitronix)	-	-
LCM Interface	2-Lane MIPI	-	-
Display Mode	IPS, Transmissive / Normally Black	-	-
Operating Temperature	-30°C ~ +85°C	°C	-
Storage Temperature	-30°C ~ +85°C	°C	-

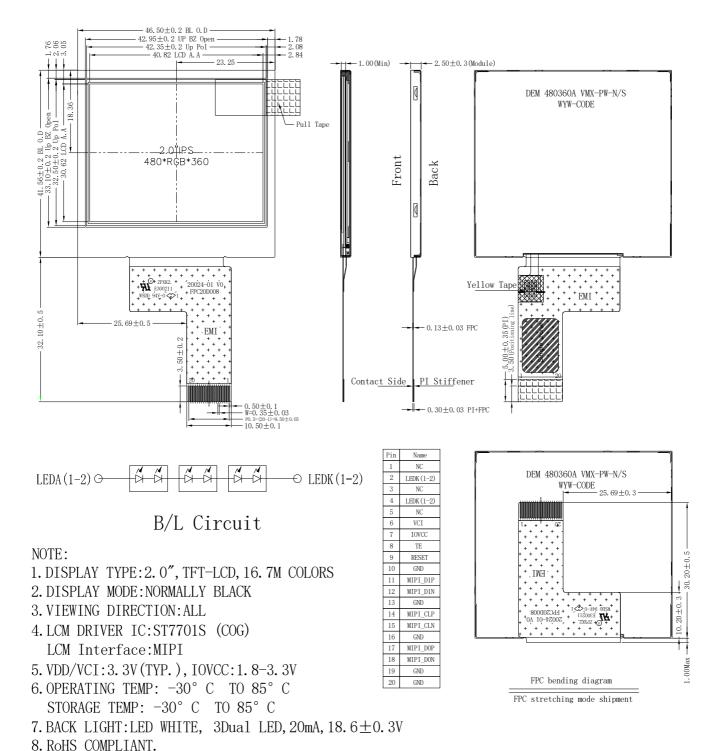
* Mechanical Information

Item		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module Size	Horizontal(H)	-	46.50	-	mm	-
	Vertical(V)	-	41.56	-	mm	-
3126	Depth(D)	-	2.50	-	mm	-
Weight		-	10	-	g	-

1. Block Diagram



2. Outline Dimension



3. Input Terminal Pin Assignment

NO.	SYMBOL	DISCRIPTION	I/O
1	NC		
2	LEDK(1-2)	Cathode pin of backlight.	Р
3	NC		
4	LEDA(1-2)	Anode pin of backlight.	Р
5	NC		
6	VDD/VCI	Supply Voltage (3.3V).	Р
7	IOVCC	I/O power supply voltage.	Р
8	TE	-Tearing effect output Leave the pin to open when not in use.	0
9	RESET	 The external reset input. Initializes the chip with a low input. Be sure to execute a power-on reset after supplying power. 	I
10	GND	Ground.	Р
11	MIPI_D1P	MIDL DOL differential data main (DOL Dr. ())	I/O
12	MIPI_D1N	MIPI DSI differential data pair (DSI-Dn+/-).	I/O
13	GND	Ground.	Р
14	MIPI_CLP		I
15	MIPI_CLN	MIPI DSI differential clock pair (DSI-CLK+/-).	I
16	GND	Ground.	Р
17	MIPI_D0P	MIDI DSI differential data pair (DSI Dat /)	I/O
18	MIPI_D0N	MIPI DSI differential data pair (DSI-Dn+/-).	
19	GND	Ground.	Р
20	GND	Ground.	Р

4. LCD Optical Characteristics

4.1 Optical Specification

Item		Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit.	Note
Contrast R	atio	CR		800	1000			(1)(2)
Response Time	Rising Falling	T _{R+} T _F			35	45	msec	(1)(3)
Color Gar	nut	S(%)		50	55		%	*
		Wx	Θ=0	0.2691	0.3091	0.3491		(1)(4)
	White	W _Y	Normal Viewing	0.2980	0.3380	0.3780		CA-310
	Red	R _x	Angle	0.5654	0.6054	0.6454		
Color Filter		R _Y		0.3283	0.3683	0.4083		
Chromacicity	Green	Gx		0.2905	0.3305	0.3805		
		G _Y		0.5355	0.5755	0.6155		
		B _x		0.1046	0.1446	0.1846		
	Blue	B _Y		0.0437	0.0837	0.1237		
		ΘL		75	80			(1)(4)
Viewing	Hor.	ΘR		75	80			
Angle		ΘU	CR>10	75	80			
	Ver.	ΘD		75	80			
Option View D	irection			A	LL			

*The data comes from the LCD specification.

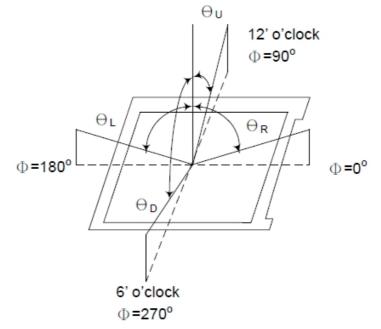
Measuring Condition

Measuring surrounding: dark room Ambient temperature: 25°C±2°C 15min. warm-up time.

Measuring Equipment

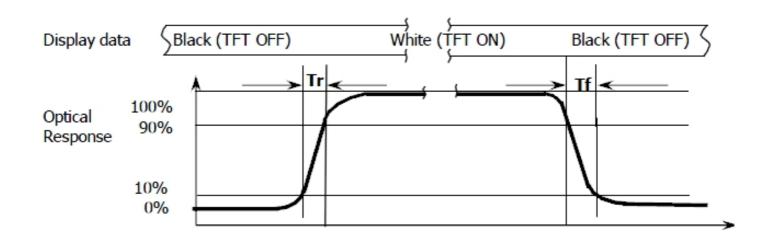
FPM520 of Westar Display technologies, INC., which utilized SR-3 for Chromaticity and BM-5A for other optical characteristics.

Note (1): Definition of Viewing Angle:



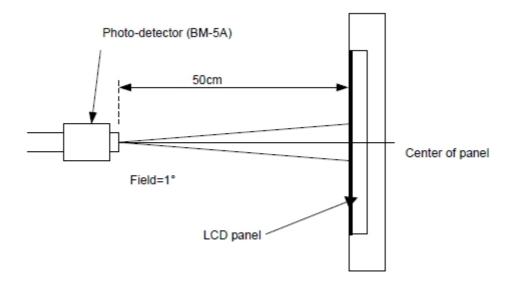
Note (2): Definition of Contrast Ratio(CR) :measured at the center point of panel

CR = Luminance with all pixels white Luminance with all pixels black



Note (3): Response Time

Note (4): Definition of optical measurement setup



5. Electrical Characteristics

5.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VCI	-0.3	4.6	V	Note1
Digital Interface Supply Voltage	IOVCC	-0.3	4.6	V	-
Operating Temperature	Top	-30	+85	°C	-
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-30	+85	°C	_

NOTE1: If the absolute maximum rating of even is one of the above parameters is exceeded even momentarily, the quality of the product may be degraded. Absolute maximum ratings, therefore, specify the values exceeding which the product may be physically damaged. Be sure to use the product within the range of the absolute maximum ratings.

5.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VCI	2.5	3.3	3.6	V	-
Digital Interface Supply Voltage	IOVCC	1.65	1.8	3.3	V	-
Normal Mode Current Consumption	ICC		36	72	mA	-
Differential Input High Threshold Voltage	VIT+		0	50	mV	
Differential Input Low Threshold Voltage	VIT-	-50	0		mV	MIPI_CLK MIPI_Data
Single-ended Receiver Input Operation Voltage Range	VIR	0.5		1.2	V	

5.3 MIPI DC Electrical Characteristics

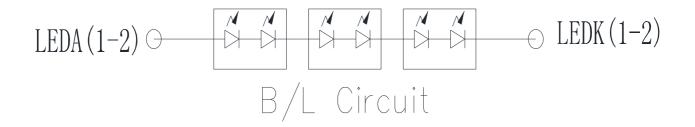
Voh,max Voh,min	LP-TX Ouput High	LP-RX Input Hi	igh				1	/он,мах
$V_{\text{IH},\text{MIN}}$							1	T _{IH,MIN}
Vil,max		LP-RX Thresho	old				1	Vil,max
Vol,max GND	LP-TX Ouput Low	LP-RX Input Lo		-RX Rang	HS-RX Common e Mode Input Rang			Vihhs Vcmrxdc,max Vcmrxdc,min
Vol,min	Low Power Transmitter	Low Power Receiver				High Speed Receiver		/ILHS
	Parameter		Symbo			Specification		Unit
	i urumeter		Cymbo		MIN	TYP	MAX	O
		Operation	Voltage	for N	IIPI Receiver		1	
Low po	ower mode operating volta	ge	VLPH		1.1	1.2	1.3	V
		MIPI Character	istics for	High	Speed Rece	iver	1	
Single	-ended input low voltage		V ILHS		-40	-	-	m∨
Single	-ended input high voltage		V IHHS		-	-	460	m∨
Comm	on-mode voltage		VCMRXD	с	70	-	330	m∨
Differe	ntial input impedance		ZID		80	100	125	ohm
		MIPI Charact	eristics fo	or Lo	w Power Mod	le		
Pad si	gnal voltage range		Vı		-50	-	1350	m∨
Logic (0 input threshold		VIL		0-	-	550	m∨
Logic	1 input threshold		√н		880	-	1350	m∨
Output	t low level		Vol		-50	-	50	m∨
Output	t high level		Vон		1.1	1.2	1.3	V

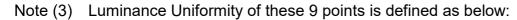
5.4 LED Backlight Characteristics

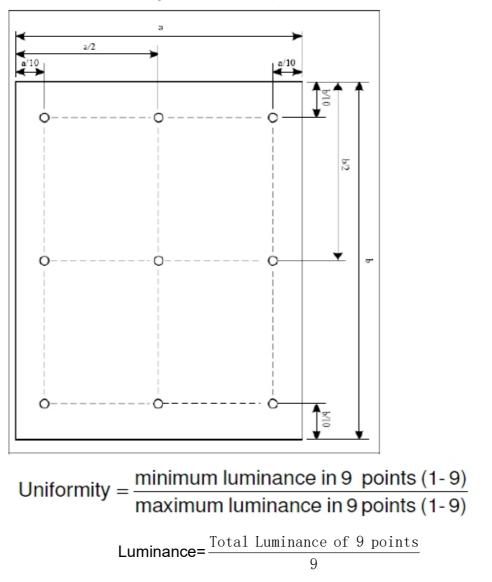
Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Forward Current	lF		20		mA	
Forward Voltage	VF	16.8		19.8	V	
LCM Luminance	LV	850	1000		cd/m2	IF=20mA
LED Lifetime	Hr	30000			Hour	Note1,2
Uniformity	Avg	80			%	Note3

The Backlight system is edge-lighting type with 6 chips LED

- Note1: LED life time (Hr) can be defined as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition: Ta=25°C±3°C, typical IL value indicated in the above table until the brightness becomes less than 50%.
- Note 2: The LED Lifetime is defined as the module brightness decrease to 50% original brightness at Ta=25°C and IL=20mA. The LED Lifetime could be decreased if operating IL is larger than 20mA. The constant current driving method is suggested.







6. AC Characteristics

6.1 MIPI Interface Characteristics:

6.1.1 High Speed Mode

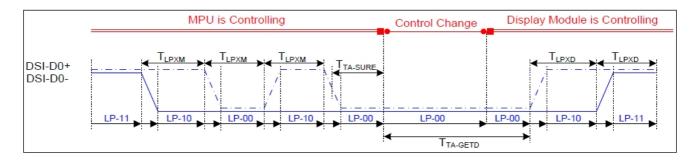


*DSI clock channel timing

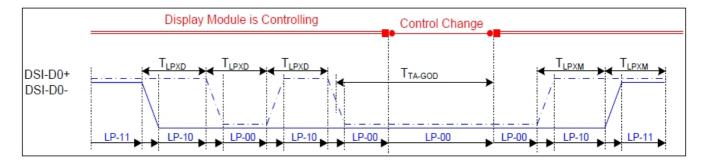
Signal	Symbol	Parameter		MAX	Unit	Description
DSI-CLK+/-	2xUI _{INSTA}	Double UI instantaneous	4	25	ns	
DSI-CLK+/-	UI _{INSTA} UI _{INSTB}	UI instantaneous halfs	2	12.5	ns	UI = UI _{INSTA} = UI _{INSTB}
DSI-Dn+/-	tDS	Data to clock setup time	0.15	-	UI	
DSI-Dn+/-	tDH	Data to clock hold time	0.15	-	UI	

* Mipi Interface-High Speed Mode Timing Characteristics

6.1.2 Lowe Power Mode



* Bus Turnaround (BTA) from Display Module to MPU Timing

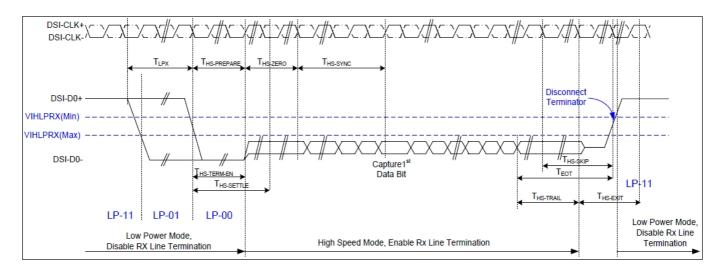


*Bus Turnaround (BTA) from MPU to Display Module Timing

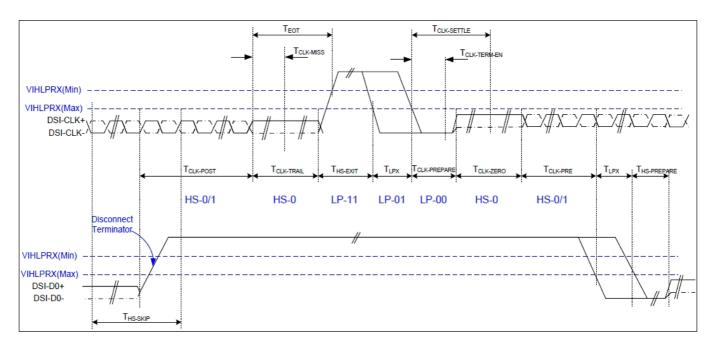
Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN MAX		Unit	Description
	Length of LP-00,LP-01,					
DSI-D0+/-	TLPXM	LP-10 or LP-11 periods	50	75	ns	Input
		MPU→Display Module				
		Length of LP-00,LP-01,				
DSI-D0+/-	TLPXD	LP-10 or LP-11 periods	50	75	ns	Output
		MPU→Display Module				
DSI-D0+/-	TTA-SURED	Time-out before the MPU	–	2xT _{LP}	ns	Output
D31-D0+/-	TIA-SURED	start driving	TLPXD	XD	115	Output
DSI-D0+/-	TTA-GETD	Time to drive LP-00 by	Ev.T			lanut
DSI-D0+/-	TIA-GETD	display module	ule 5xT		ns	Input
		Time to drive LP-00 after				Output
DSI-D0+/-	TTA-GOD	turnaround request-MPU	4x1	LPXD	ns	Output

*Mipi Interface Low Power Mode Timing Characteristics

6.1.3 Burst Mode



*Data Lanes-Low Power Mode to/from High Speed Mode Timing



*Clock Lanes- High Speed Mode to/from Low Power Mode Timing

Product Specification

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	MIN	MAX	Unit	Description
Low Power Mode to High Speed Mode Timing						
DSI-Dn+/-	TLPX	Length of any low power state period	50	-	ns	Input
DSI-Dn+/-	THS-PREPARE	Time to drive LP-00 to prepare for HS transmission	40+4 UI	85+6 UI	ns	Input
DSI-Dn+/-	THS-TERM-EN	Time to enable data receiver line termination measured from when Dn crosses VILMAX	-	35+4 UI	ns	Input
DSI-Dn+/-	THS-PREPARE + THS-ZERO	THS-PREPARE + time to drive HS-0 before the sync sequence	140+ 10UI	-	ns	Input
	ŀ	ligh Speed Mode to Low Power Mo	ode Timir	ng		
DSI-Dn+/-	THS-SKIP	Time-out at display module to ignore transition period of EoT	40	55+4 UI	ns	Input
DSI-Dn+/-	THS-EXIT	Time to drive LP-11 after HS burst	100	-	ns	Input
DSI-Dn+/-	THS-TRAIL	Time to drive flipped differential state after last payload data bit of a HS transmission burst	60+4 UI	-	ns	Input
	Hig	h Speed Mode to/from Low Power	Mode Ti	ming		
DSI-CLK+/-	TCLK-POS	Time that the MPU shall continue sending HS clock after the last associated data lane has transition to LP mode	60+5 2UI	-	ns	Input
DSI-CLK+/-	TCLK-TRAIL	Time to drive HS differential state after last payload clock bit of a HS transmission burst	60	-	ns	Input
DSI-CLK+/-	THS-EXIT	Time to drive LP-11 after HS burst	100	-	ns	Input
DSI-CLK+/-	TCLK-PREPARE	Time to drive LP-00 to prepare for HS transmission	38	95	ns	Input
DSI-CLK+/-	TCLK-TERM-EN	Time-out at clock lan display module to enable HS transmission		38	ns	Input
DSI-CLK+/-	TCLK-PREPARE + TCLK-ZERO	Minimum lead HS-0 drive period before starting clock	300	-	ns	Input
DSI-CLK+/-	TCLK-PRE	Time that the HS clock shall be driven prior to any associated data lane beginning the transition from LP to HS mode	8UI	-	ns	Input
DSI-CLK+/-	TEOT	Time form start of TCLK-TRAIL period to start of LP-11 state	-	105n s+12 UI	ns	Input

6.2 Reset Timing

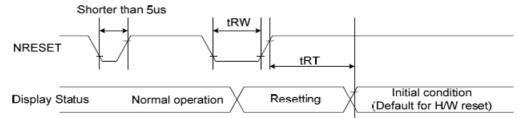


Figure 102 Reset Timing

Table 41 Reset Timing

Signal	Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
	tRW	Reset pulse duration	10		us
RESX	tRT Reset cancel		5(note 1,5)	ms	
	urci	Reset cancer	- (120 (note 1,6,7)	ms

Note:

- 1. The reset cancel includes also required time for loading ID bytes, VCOM setting and other settings from OTP to registers. This loading is done every time when there is H/W reset cancel time (tRT) within 5 ms after a rising edge of RESX.
- 2. Spike due to an electrostatic discharge on RESX line does not cause irregular system reset according to the Table 43.

Table 42 Reset Descript				
RESX Pulse	Action			
Shorter than 5us	Reset Rejected			
Longer than 9us	Reset			
Between 5us and 9us	Reset starts			

- 3. During the Resetting period, the display will be blanked (The display is entering blanking sequence, which maximum time is 120 ms, when Reset Starts in Sleep Out mode. The display remains the blank state in Sleep In mode.) and then return to Default condition for Hardware Reset.
- Spike Rejection also applies during a valid reset pulse as shown below:

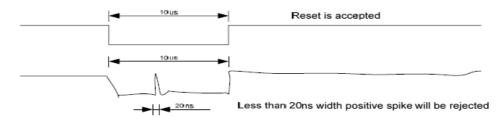


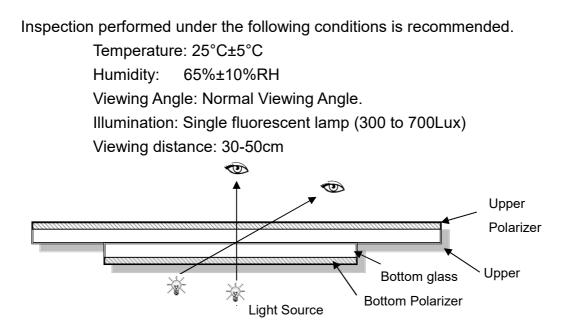
Figure 103 Positive Noise Pulse during Reset Low

- 5. When Reset applied during Sleep In Mode.
- 6. When Reset applied during Sleep Out Mode.
- 7. It is necessary to wait 5msec after releasing RESX before sending commands. Also Sleep Out command cannot be sent for 120msec.

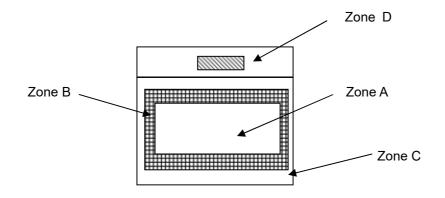
7. LCD Module Out-Going Quality Level

7.1 VISUAL & FUNCTION INSPECTION STANDARD

7.1.1 Inspection conditions



7.1.2 Definition



Zone A: Effective Viewing Area (Character or Digit can be seen)

Zone B: Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C: Outside (Zone A+Zone B) which can not be seen after assembly by customer

Zone D: IC Bonding Area

Note: As a general rule, visual defects in Zone C can be ignored when it doesn't effect product function or appearance after assembly by customer

7.1.3 Sampling Plan

According to GB/T 2828-2012; Normal Inspection, Class II AQL:

Major defect	Minor defect
0.65	1.5

LCD: Liquid Crystal Display, LCM: Liquid Crystal Module,

No	Items to be inspected	Criteria	Classification of		
			defects		
		1) No display, Open or miss line			
1	Functional Defects	2) Display abnormally, Short	Major		
		3) Backlight no lighting, abnormal lighting.			
		etc	Maior		
2	Missing	Missing components and etc	ſ		
		Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing			
3	Outline Dimension	is not allowed, deformation and etc			
4	Color Tone Color unevenness, refer to limited sample				
		Light dot,Dim spot,(Note1)			
5	Spot/Line Defect	Polarizer Air Bubble,			
		Polarizer accidented spot and etc.	Minor		
6		Good soldering , Peeling off is not allowed			
U	Soldering Appearance	and etc.			
7	LCD / Polarizer	Black/White spot/line, scratch, crack, etc.			

Note1:

- a) Light dot: Dots appear bright and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under black pattern.
- b) Dim dot: Dots appear dark and unchanged in size in which LCD panel is displaying under pure red, green, blue picture.

7.1.4 Criteria (Visual)

Number	Items	Criteria(mm)			
1.0 LCDCrack/BrokenNOTE:X: LengthY: WidthZ: Height	(1) The edge of LCD broken				
L: Length of ITO,		X Y Z			
T: Height of LCD		≤3.0mm <inner border="" line="" of<br="">the seal ≤T</inner>			
	(2)LCD corner broken	XYZ ≤ 3.0 mm $\leq L$ $\leq T$			
(3) LCD crack		Crack Not allowed			

Product Specification

	Spot defect	\odot light dot (black/white spot , pinhole, stain, etc.)				
		Zone Acc				
	↓ ¥ Y	Size (mm)	A	В	С	
		Ф≤0.15	Ignore			
2.0		0.15<Φ≤0.25	3(distance≧6mm)		leve e ve	
	φ (<u>γ</u> γ.)/0	0.25<Φ≤0.4	2(distance≧6mm) 0		gnore	
	Φ=(X+Y)/2	Φ>0.4				
		◎ Dim spot (light l	eakage、dent、dark s	pot, etc)		
		Zone	Accep	table Qty		
		Size (mm)	А	В	С	
		Φ≤0.15	Ignore		L	
		0.15<Φ≤0.25	3(distance \geq 6mm)		gnore	
		0.25<Ф≤0.4	2(distance≧6mm)		9	
		Φ>0.4	0 otad apat			
		③ Polarizer accider				
		Zone	Acceptable Qty			
		Size (mm)	A	В	С	
		Ф≤0.2	Ignore			
		0.2<Φ≤0.5	2(distance \ge 6	mm)	Ignore	
		Φ>0.5	0			
		④Polarizer Bubble	I			
		Zone	Accep	otable Qty		
		Size (mm)	A	В	С	
		Φ≤0.2 Ignore				
		0.2<Φ≤0.4	3(distance ≥ 6mm)Ignore0		Ignore	
		Φ>0.4				

3.0	LCD Pixel defect	Pixel bad points		
		Item	Zone A	Acceptable Qty
			Random	N≤2
		Bright dot	2 dots adjacent	N≤0
			3 dots adjacent	N≤0
			Random	N≤2
		Dark dot	2 dots adjacent	N≤0
			3 dots adjacent	N≤0
		Distance	 Minimum Distance Between Bright dots. Minimum Distance Between dark dots Minimum Distance Between dark and bright dot. 	5mm
		Total bright and dark dot		N≤4
		Note:		11
		A) Bright dot	Dots appear bright and unchanged	d in size in which
		LCD pane	l is displaying under black pattern.	
		B) Dark dot:	Dots appear dark and unchanged in	size in which
		LCD pane	l is displaying under pure red, green	, blue picture.
		C) 2 dot adja	cent = 1 pair = 2 dots	
		Picture:		
		2 dot adja	cent 2 dot adjacent	
		2 dot adjacen	t (vertical) 2 dot adjacent (slant)

	Line defect (LCD					
	/Polarizer backlight	\\/idth(mm)	Length(m	Acceptable Qty		ty
	black/white line,	Width(mm)	m)	A	В	С
	scratch, stain)	Ф≤0.03	Ignore	Ignore		
4.0	<u></u>	0.03 <w≤0.04< td=""><td>L≤3.0</td><td>N≤2</td><td></td><td>Ignore</td></w≤0.04<>	L≤3.0	N≤2		Ignore
	W: width, L : length	0.04 <w≤0.05< td=""><td>L≤2.0</td><td>N≤1</td><td></td><td></td></w≤0.05<>	L≤2.0	N≤1		
	N : Count	W>0.05 Define as spot defect				
5.0	Electronic Componen ts SMT.	Not allow missing parts, solderless connection, cold solder joint, mi smatch, The positive and negative polarity opposite				
		1. Color: Measuring the color coordinates, The measurement standa				
	Display color& Brigh	rd according to the datasheet or samples.				
6.0	tness.	2. Brightness: Measuring the brightness of White screen, The meas urement standard according to the datasheet or Samples.				
LCD Mura/Waving/ Not visible through 5% ND filter in 50% gray or 7.0 e if necessary.			judge b	by limit sampl		
	Hot spot	-				

Criteria (functional items)

Number	Items	Criteria (mm)
1	No display	Not allowed
2	Missing segment	Not allowed
3	Short	Not allowed
4	Backlight no lighting	Not allowed

8. Reliability Test Result

Item	Condition	Inspection after test
High Temperature Operating	85°C,96H	
Low Temperature Operating	-30°C, 96HR	
High Temperature Storage	85°C, 96HR	
Low Temperature Storage	-30°C, 96HR	Inspection after 2~4hours storage at room
High Temperature &	+60°C, 90% RH, 96 hours.	temperature, the sample
High Humidity Operating		shall be free from defects:
Thermal Shock	-10°C,30 min ↔ +60°C, 30 min,	1. Air bubble in the LCD;
(Non-operation)	Change Time: 5min 20CYC.	2. Non-display;
	C=150pF, R=330, 5points/panel	3. Missing segments/line;
ESD Test	Air:±8kV, 5times; Contact:±6kV, 5 times;	4. Glass crack;
	(Environment: 15°C~35°C, 30%~60%).	5. Current IDD is twice
	Frequency range: 10~55Hz, Stroke: 1.5mm	higher than initial value.
Vibration (Non-Operation)	Sweep: 10Hz~55Hz~10Hz 2 hours for each	
	direction	
Box Drop Test	1 Corner 3 Edges 6 faces,80cm(MEDIUM BOX)	

- 1. The test samples should be applied to only one test item.
- 2. Sample size for each test item is 5~10pcs.
- 3. For Damp Proof Test, Pure water (Resistance > $10M\Omega$) should be used.
- 4. In case of malfunction defect caused by ESD damage, if it would be recovered to normal state after resetting, it would be judged as a good part.
- 5. Failure Judgment Criterion: Basic Specification, Electrical Characteristic, Mechanical Characteristic, Optical Characteristic.
- 6. The color fading mura of polarizing filter should not care.

9. Cautions and Handling Precautions

9.1 Handling and Operating the Module

- (1) When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly.
 - Do not warp or twist the module during assembly work.
- (2) Protect the module from physical shock or any force. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.
- (3) Note that polarizer is very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface.
- (4) Do not allow drops of water or chemicals to remain on the display surface.

If you have the droplets for a long time, staining and discoloration may occur.

- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (6) The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane.

Do not use ketene type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.

- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs, or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static; it may cause damage to the CMOS ICs.
- (9) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (10) Do not disassemble the module.
- (11) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- (12) Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.
- (13) Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power ON" condition.
- (14) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item 6.1 Power On Sequence &6.2 Power Off Sequence

9.2 Storage and Transportation.

- (1) Do not leave the panel in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time.
 It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0°C to 35°C and relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- (3) The module shall be stored in a dark place. When storing the modules for a long time, be sure to adopt effective measures for protecting the modules from strong ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, or fluorescent light.
- (4) It is recommended that the modules should be stored under a condition where no condensation is allowed.Formation of dewdrops may cause an abnormal operation or a failure of the module.In particular, the greatest possible care should be taken to prevent any module from being operated where condensation has occurred inside.
- (5) This panel has its circuitry FPC on the bottom side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.